



FOR VIDEO
LECTURE

THE NATIONAL ACADEMY BY SIR UMAR

JOIN ONLINE 6 MONTHS/ 1 YEAR JUDICIAL PREPARATION SESSION

ONLINE PREPARATION FOR CIVIL JUDGE/MAGISTRATE/AS.J FO SINDH/PUNJAB/BALUCHISTAN

ALL NOTES, PREVIOUS SOLVED PAPERS AND RELEVANT BOOK AVAILABLE FOR FREE HOME DELIVERY 03215151562

CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF PAKISTAN

- What age was prescribed for President in 1956 constitution?
 - 40 years**
 - 45 years
 - 50 years
 - 55 years
- In respect of religion what term was set for President and Prime Minister in 1956 constitution?
 - He may be a Muslim
 - He must not be Hindu
 - He must not be Christian
 - He must be a Muslim**
- What was the official language declared in 1956 constitution?
 - Urdu
 - Bengali
 - Hindi
 - Both A and B**
- Who abrogated 1956 constitution?
 - Ayub Khan**
 - Tikka Khan
 - Yahya Khan
 - Sikandar Mirza
- When the first constitution was abrogated and Martial Law was proclaimed?
 - May 1958
 - June 1958
 - October 1958**
 - December 1958
- When Ayub Khan enforced new constitution in Pakistan?
 - 9th January 1962
 - 6th February 1962
 - 13th March 1962
 - 8th June 1962**
- What was the official language declared in 1962 constitution?
 - Urdu
 - Bengali
 - Hindi
 - Both A and B**
- Which kind of system of Government was introduced by the 1962 constitution?
 - Autonomous
 - Presidential**
 - Bicameral
 - Confederate
- When the constitution of 1962 was abrogated?
 - 25th March 1969**
 - 29th March 1969
 - 4th April 1969
 - 14th April 1969
- Who abrogated 1962 constitution and became CMLA?
 - Gen. Tikka Khan
 - Gen. Ahsan Khan
 - Gen. Mansoor Khan
 - Gen. Yahya Khan**

CONSTITUTION OF PAKISTAN 1973

- No person shall be subjected to torture for the purpose of extracting evidence is provided in Article _____, of the Constitution 1973
 - 14
 - 14(I)
 - 14(2)**
- Article 15, of the Constitution of 1973 provided freedom of
 - Speech
 - Movement**
 - Schooling
- Freedom of assembly is provided in Article _____ of the Constitution of 1973
 - 121
 - 15
 - 16**

- Freedom of _____ is provided in Article 17 of the Constitution of 1973
 - Assembly
 - Association**
 - None of above
- Article 18 of the Constitution, 1973 deals with _____
 - Freedom of trade
 - Freedom of business or profession**
 - Both A and B
- Every citizen shall have the right to have access to information in all matters of public importance subject to regulation and reasonable restrictions imposed by law is provided in Article _____, of the Constitution of 1973
 - 18
 - 19
 - 19A**
- Article _____ of the Constitution, 1973 provided safeguard against taxation for the purpose any particular religion
 - 20
 - 21**
 - 22
- Protection of property rights is ensured in Article _____ of The Constitution of 1973
 - 22
 - 23
 - 24**
- Right to information is provided in _____ of the Constitution of 1973
 - Article 15
 - Article 19
 - Article 19-A**
- According to Article _____ of the Constitution, all citizens are equal before law
 - 19
 - 25**
 - 27

MODERN JURISPRUDENCE

- English jurist _____ was among the first to popularize the formalistic approach to law in Anglo-American history.
 - Jerome Frank
 - Bentham
 - Benjamin N. Cardozo
 - Sir Edward Coke**
- The realist movement, which began in the late.
 - Thirteenth century
 - Seventeenth century
 - Eighteenth century**
 - Nineteenth century
- What is analytical jurisprudence?
 - The critical analysis of legal decisions
 - A sociological method to analyze legal systems
 - The study of what the law is**
- What is utilitarianism?
 - A philosophical approach according to which laws are valid only if they benefit the greater good
 - The idea that all individuals should benefit equally from law's usefulness
 - The idea that the collective good prevails over individual rights**
- Private laws are those laws which deal with the interrelationship between citizens.
 - True**
 - False

ISLAMIC JURISPRUDENCE

- The four schools of thought were founded during the reign of:
 - Abbasids**
 - Mughals



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A. Dacoity B. Theft C. **Zina**
3. The report send by officer in charge under Section 157, of Cr.P.C shall be submitted to magistrate by _____.

A. Officer In charge himself B. Officer of the Court
C. **Superior officer of police appointed by Provincial Government**

4. Section _____ of Cr.P.C provides procedure for submission of report under section 157 of Cr.P.C.
A. **158** B. 157 C. 159

5. Under Section 160, Cr.P.C police officer has power to require attendance of _____.
A. Accused B. **Witnesses** C. Complainants

6. During process of investigation police officer records statement of witness under Section _____.
A. **161, Cr.P.C** B. 162, Cr.P.C C. 163, Cr.P.C

7. The statement recorded under section 161, Cr.P.C can _____.
A. **Not be cross examined** B. Be cross examined

8. The evidence recorded under section 161, by police officer is _____ type of evidence.
A. Substantial B. **Corroborative** C. Authentic

59. The question while recording evidence by police officer under section 161, of Cr.P.C must be _____ by witness.
A. Rejected B. Accepted C. **Answered**

60. Section 164, of Cr.P.C deals with recording of statement before _____.
A. Any Magistrate B. Magistrate U/S 30

C. Magistrate of 1st and 2nd class

QANUN-E-SHAHADAT ORDINANCE

1. An inscription on a metal plate or stone is _____.
A. Proof B. Evidence

C. **Document** D. All of them

2. Competence of witness is explained under _____.
A. **Article 3** B. Article 5

C. Article 7 D. All of them

3. A lunatic is _____ witness to testify unless he is prevented by his lunacy from understanding the questions.

A. **Competent** B. Incompetent
C. Trust worthy D. None of above

4. Such communication which is protected from forced disclosure is called _____.
A. **Privileged communication**

B. Unprivileged communication
C. Forced communication

5. An accomplice shall be a _____ witness against an accused punishable with Hadd.

A. Competent B. **Incompetent**
C. Trustworthy D. All of them

6. In case of matters pertaining to financial the number of male witness required is _____.
A. 3 B. **2** C. 5 D. 7

7. Evidence maybe given pertaining _____.
A. Fact in issue B. Relevant facts

C. **Both A and B** D. None of them

8. Resgate is defined U/A _____.
A. 17 B. **19**

C. 21 D. 23

9. Previous or subsequent conduct is deemed as _____.
A. Fact in issue B. **Relevant fact**

C. Both A and B D. None of them

40. Alibi means
A. Things closely done B. **Else Where**
C. Burden of Proof D. None is correct



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